Extraction:-

Extraction is a method of removing the active ingredient from the solid or liquid by using proper solvent.

Methods of extraction :-

1.Infusion :-

Principle:-	Working:-	Application:-	Diagram :-
Infusion are the dilute solution containing the readily soluble constituent of crude drugs. Useful for soft drugs	 1.Drug+solvent 2.Allow the drug to get into solvent for 15to 20 mins. 3.filter it with the help of sieve or cloth 4.infusion is ready 	 1.it is used in infusion of orange 2.used in concentrated infusion of quassia. 	COOLING JUNE VATER + PLANTS HYDROSOL + ESSENTIAL OIL

2.Decoction :-

Principle-	Working:-	Application ;-	Diagram :-
Decoctions are simple boiled solution of drugs Useful for water soluble and heat stable drugs Example-kwath preparation.	 drug+solvent boiled for few mins then cold for some time filter with sieve or cloth decoction is ready 	 1.decoction useful for making tinctures and similar solution 2.used to extract fluids,essenses ,and active ingredients from hard plant material 3.used in preparation of a ayurvedic extractes such as kwath 	

3.Maceration :-

Principle :-	Working :-	Application:-	Diagram :-
Maceration is the process by which organized tissue is transform into a suspention of intact cells result in pulpt product which is used as base material for pulpy juices, necters.	 1.plant material 2.kept in closed vessel 3.selected solvent is added as whole 4.it is allowed to stand for 7 to 8 days 5.liquid is strained off and solid is pressed to get most out of it 6.clarification of mestruum 7.evaporation and concentration 8.macerate is ready. 	 1.Maceration is wine making process where the phenolic material of the grape 2.tannins,colouring agent (anthocyanins)and flavoured compounds are leached from the grapes skins,seeds and stems into the must. 	

4.Percolation:-

Principle :-	Working:-	Application :-	Diagram :-
Percolation is the process of continuos downword movment of solvent through the different levels of drug material and various materials to get the extract of desired drugs.	 size reduction imbibiton packing maceration percolation. 	 1.percolation is useful for a drugs which is heat liable 2.the percolation is the most common procedure for the preparation of tinctures and fluid extract. 3.it is used in agriculture to determine the movment of fertilizers or the salt content of the soil. 	PLAVOUR BASKET BASKET USTILLATE OUT DISTILLATE OUT PERCOLATION

5.soxhlet extraction :-

Principle :-	Working :-	Application :-	Diagram :-
It is process for extract in non volatile and semi- volatile organic compound from solid. The Soxhlet extraction process ensures intimate contact of the sample matrix with the extraction solvent	 filter paper bag and placed in Soxhlet apparatus solvent was heated and the vapors were condensed condensed extract drip into filter paper. level of liquid in chamber rised liquid content of chamber siphon was collected into flask. this process was continue out until the siphone tube was emptied. 	 1.extraction of sennoside from senna leaf. 2.extraction of caffine from tea. 3.it is used when the desired compound has the limited solubility in a solvent and the impurity is insoluble in that solvent. 	Extractor Sample Distillation flask

6.Microwave assisted extraction :-

Principle :-	Working :-	Application :-	Diagram :-
MAE is a efficient method which involved deriving natural compounds from raw plants . Microwave extraction allows organic compounds to be extracted more rapidly,with similar or better yield.	 1.microwave radiation 2.moisture get heated up. 3.moisture evaporates. 4. generation of tremendous pressure on cell wall. 5.swelling of the cell. 6.leaching out of phytoconstituents. 	 1.MAE is used to various natural product extraction. 2.in the extraction of terpenes from must (vitis vinifera) in closed vessels system 3. in the extraction of volatile oils from menthe piperita in modified domestic oven . 	Image: state stat

7.Ultrasound assisted extraction :-

Principle :-	Working ;-	Application :-	Diagram :-
The ultrasound assisted extraction is based on the principle of acoustic or ultrasonic cavitation. Ultrasonic extraciton widely used for the production of botanical extract such as CBD from cannabis and hemp.	 1.sample is placed in a vessel 2.extraction solvent is added 3.sonotrode is placed in contact with sample . 4.ultrasound cavities propagation and pressures resulting in enhanced extraction . 5.sample is ready for clean up process. 	 1.ultrasound assisted extraction is highly efficient and rapid. 2.it is used for the production of various botanical extracts. . 	Ultrasonic generator o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o

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